BOW VALLEY IMMIGRATION PARTNERSHIP

Explore the diverse cultures of the Bow Valley! Learn about important dates from the most common countries of origin of local residents in Lake Louise, Banff, Canmore, Kananaskis, and West MD of Bighorn. Join us in creating a more welcoming and inclusive community for all.



JAN 01: Shōgatsu (Japan)

New Year (正月, shōgatsu) is the most important holiday in Japan. It is a very auspicious day, best started by viewing the new year's first sunrise (hatsu-hinode), and traditionally believed to be representative for the whole year that has just commenced. People celebrate it as a day full of joy, free from stress and anger.



JAN 13: Maghi-Lohri (Sikh and Hindu Celebration)

A winter solstice and harvest festival celebrated by Sikhs and Hindus. religious festival marks the start of the agricultural year and increasing daylight. Lohri rituals include lighting bonfires and offering foods such as black sesame seeds, jaggery, popcorn and peanuts to the fire. This tradition is believed to help remove negativity from life and bring prosperity.



JAN 19: Timkat (Ethiopia)

Timkat is an Orthodox Christian celebration of Epiphany in Ethiopia that is marked by a spectacular celebration in the capital city of Addis Ababa, as well as elsewhere in the country. The day marks Jesus Christ's baptism in the Jordan River, and the festivities draw pilgrims from around the world to witness a reenactment of the baptism, as well as partake in processions, singing, dancing and prayer.



JAN 21: Sinulog Festival (Philippines)

One of the largest festivals in the Philippines, this celebration happens on the third Sunday of January in Cebu City. The festival honours Santo Niño and recognizes the birth of Christianity in the country. The main event is a dance prayer carried out in a grand parade by brightly costumed participants. Parades, street parties, fireworks, food and music are all part of the fun.



JAN 26: Australia Day (Australia)

Australia Day marks the anniversary of the first British fleet landing in Sydney Cove. Many Australians fly the flag, attend festivals, fireworks and sporting events or gather for barbecues on this day. However, a growing number of people choose not to observe this day on account of the impact of colonization on Indigenous people in Australia.

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FEBRUARY: Black History Month

February is Black History Month in Canada, offering an opportunity to learn more about the important contributions and experiences of Black Canadians throughout Canada's history. Black Canadians have been part of Canada's heritage since the 1600s, and continue to actively shape Canada's culture, identity, and achievements.



FEB 6: Waitangi Day (New Zealand)

New Zealand's National Day marks the signing of the Treaty of Waitangi in 1840. The official Waitangi celebration takes place at the Waitangi Treaty Grounds. Celebrations include dancing, community tree planting, and families gathering to share a hāngī - traditional Maori food cooked using hot rocks buried in a pit oven.



FEB 10: Lunar New Year (Asia)

2024 is the Year of the Dragon! Across Asia, Lunar New Year is often celebrated with red decorations, red-wrapped gifts, and red clothes. Lunar New Year is celebrated in many countries, including in China, Vietnam, Japan, Taiwan, and South Korea. Each country celebrates with their own unique customs and traditions.



FEB 15: Parinirvana Day (Buddhist Festival)

An annual Buddhist festival commemorating the death of the Buddha at age 80 when he reached Nirvana, Parinirvana Day is also known as Nirvana Day. To mark this solemn holiday, Buddhists meditate and take part in pilgrimages to temples and shrines. During this special occasion, Buddhists prepare traditional foods and some exchange gifts.



FEB 19-21: Carnival of Basel (Basler Fasnacht)

This is the largest carnival in Switzerland. Celebrations start early in the morning when drummers and fifers in costumes and masks make their way through the dark streets playing carnival music. The days to follow feature singing and dancing in the streets, and a procession with large lanterns.

BOW VALLEY MULTICULTURAL CALENDAR



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MARCH: Alberta Francophonie Month

March is an opportunity to highlight the vibrancy and energy the Francophonie brings to Alberta. Many of the first settlers to Alberta were French-Canadian. Brought by fur traders, French was in fact the first European language spoken in Alberta. Around 1 in 5 Canadians speak French.



MARCH 3: Hinamatsuri 雛祭り-Girls' Day (Japan)

Hinamatsuri is a Shinto religious day and a Japanese day of celebration where households with young daughters decorate their homes with ornamental hina dolls. The dolls are said to represent the emperor, empress, attendants and musicians in traditional court dress of the Heian period. This festival is deeply rooted in Japanese culture and celebrates the health and happiness of young girls.



MARCH 17: St. Patrick's Day (Worldwide)

St. Patrick's Day is celebrated with enthusiasm all around the world, and Canada is no exception. The celebration of St. Patrick's Day has its origins in the religious Feast Day celebration, but as Irish Immigrants moved around the world, the day became synonymous with celebrating Irish identity. Many people wear green, host a céilí (Irish dance) and use Irish symbols such as the shamrock or Gaelic harp to decorate.



MARCH 19: St. Joseph's Day (Czechia, Poland & Italy)

St. Joseph's Day or the Feast Day of St. Joseph is a popular day of celebration in the Czech Republic, Poland and Italy (especially in Sicily). The day is rooted in the Christian religion, honor's the husband of Mary and normally falls during the period of Lent. Due to the timing, celebrational feasts are usually meatless. In contrast to St. Patricks' day, which is celebrated by the wearing of green, St. Joseph's Day is celebrated by wearing and decorating with red and white.



MARCH 21: International Day to Eliminate Racism

The International Day for the Elimination of Racial Discrimination kickstarts a week that recognizes that the injustices and prejudice fueled by racial discrimination take place every day. Observed annually on March 21, it commemorates the day police in Sharpeville, South Africa, opened fire and killed 69 people at a peaceful demonstration against apartheid "pass laws" in 1960. This day serves as a call to action for individuals, organizations, and all levels of government to actively work to eliminate all forms of racial discrimination, injustice, systemic racism and hate.



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APRIL 3 - 5: Hansik - Cold Food Day (South Korea)

Traditionally on the day of Hansik, people did not use fire and ate cold food, according to custom. While the day has lost some cultural significance in South Korea over the years, people still worship their ancestors and visit gravesites, and sometimes also worship mountain spirits on this day. Cold Food Day signals the start of the farming season, and the day's weather has been known to predict harvest conditions.



APRIL 4: Ching Ming / Qingming Festival - Tomb Sweeping Day (China)

One of China's largest events, Tomb Sweeping Day follows the lunar calendar and starts 104 days after the winter solstice. On this day, people pay tribute to their ancestors through various traditions such as kite flying, as the kites symbolize good fortune. People also clean their ancestors' graves and adorn them with flowers or incense to pay their respects.



APRIL 6: Tartan Day (North America)

In Canada, Tartan Day is an annual celebration of more than four million Canadians who have Scottish Heritage. Officially marked by the federal Government of Canada, Tartan Day originated in the mid-1980s in Nova Scotia and has grown more popular every year, adopted by diaspora around the world since the 1990s. Tartan Day offers an exciting opportunity to build on these Scottish Connections and celebrate the threads of Scottish influence woven through the fabric of Canadian society.



APRIL 9: Eid al-Fitr (Islam / Worldwide)

Eid al-Fitr is a festival that takes place at the end of Ramadan, the Islamic holy month of fasting. During Eid al-Fitr, Muslims around the globe celebrate with communal morning prayers. They also prepare and dine on traditional meals with their families. Eid al-Fitr is a time of forgiveness, as well as a time to honor ancestors.



APRIL 13: Vaisakhi (Sikh / Worldwide)

One of the most important Sikh holidays, Vaisakhi is the Punjabi New Year festival. This ancient harvest festival is celebrated by wearing colourful clothing, visiting places of worship, parades, singing, music and Bhangra dancing. Vaisakhi festivities also include feasts and free food offered to those in need.



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APRIL 15: Sechseläuten - Spring Festival (Switzerland)

This historic festival marks the end of winter with the burning of the Böög, a snowman figure, in Zurich where the festivities happen on the third Monday of April every year. The Böög's head is filled with firecrackers, and folklore suggests that the bigger the explosion, the hotter and longer the following summer will be.



APRIL 17: Equality Day (Canada)

While much progress has been made, Indigenous peoples, and racialized and religious minority communities in Canada continue to face racism and discrimination every day. This day serves as a call to action for individuals, organizations, and all levels of government to actively work to eliminate all forms of racial discrimination, injustice, systemic racism and hate. Recommitting efforts, to ensure all people are respected and have equal access and opportunity to be safe and to succeed.



APRIL 22 - 30: Passover (Jewish / Worldwide)

Passover is an 8-day Jewish holiday commemorating the liberation of Hebrews from slavery in ancient Egypt. The main event is a festive meal called the 'Seder'. During Passover, it is forbidden to eat leavened foods like bread or pasta. You can say "chag sameach" which translates to "happy festival" in Hebrew.



APRIL 25: ANZAC Day (Australia & New Zealand)

Anzac Day is a national day of remembrance in Australia and New Zealand that broadly commemorates all Australians and New Zealanders "who served and died in all wars, conflicts, and peacekeeping operations" and "the contribution and suffering of all those who have served". Observed on 25 April each year, Anzac Day was originally devised to honour the members of the Australian and New Zealand Army Corps (ANZAC) who served in the Gallipoli campaign, their first engagement in the First World War (1914–1918).



APRIL 27: Freedom Day (South Africa)

Freedom Day on 27 April is an annual celebration of South Africa's first non-racial democratic elections of 1994. It is significant because it marks the end of over three hundred years of colonialism, segregation and white minority rule and the establishment of a new democratic government led by Nelson Mandela and a new state subject to a new constitution.



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APRIL 27: Koningsdag - King's Day (The Netherlands)

On April 27, the Dutch celebrate 'Koningsdag' (King's Day), a national holiday to commemorate the birthday of King Willem-Alexander (27 April 1967). It is by far the most widely celebrated holiday in the Netherlands. Amsterdam is packed to the gills on April 27, welcoming up to 2 million party-going visitors. In recent years, King's Day has become more and more of an open air party, particularly in Amsterdam, which attracts anywhere from 500,000 to 2 million visitors.



APRIL 29 - MAY 5: Golden Week (Japan)

Many Japanese have a week off of work at the end of April and beginning of May to celebrate four national holidays. Festivities begin on April 29, a holiday called Showa Day. The other holidays celebrated during Golden Week include Constitution Day (May 3), Green Day (May 4) and Children's Day (May 5).



APRIL 30: El Dia del Niño - Children's Day (Mexico)

In Mexico, Children's Day is celebrated on April 30th. On this day, children are honored with special activities and gifts. School children play games, share their favourite foods, and listen to music.